Horizons

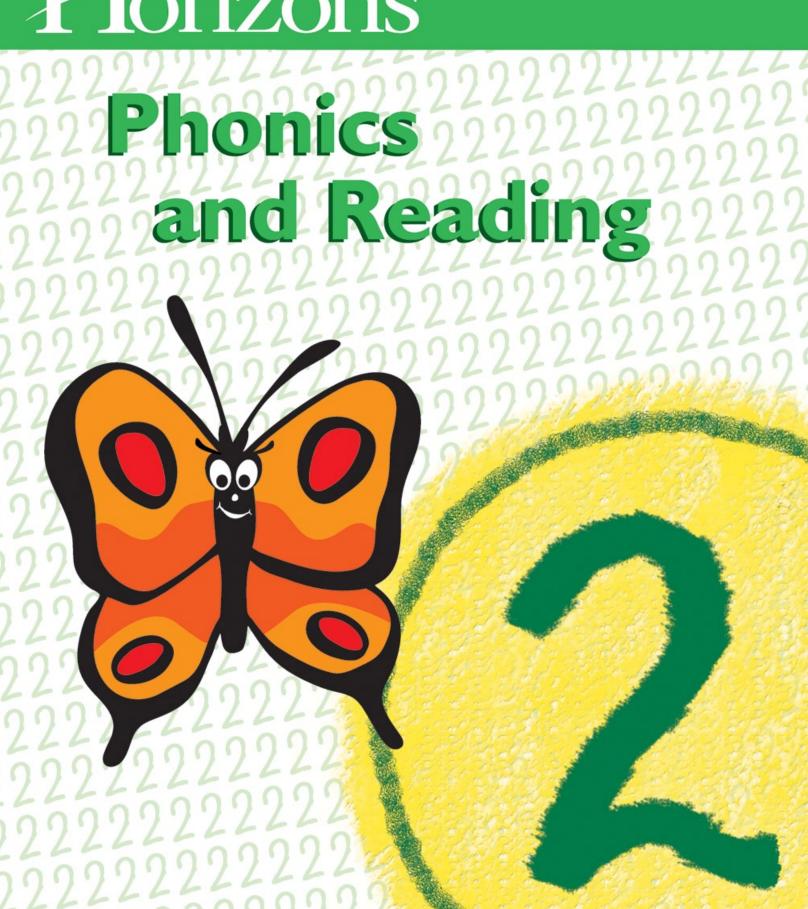
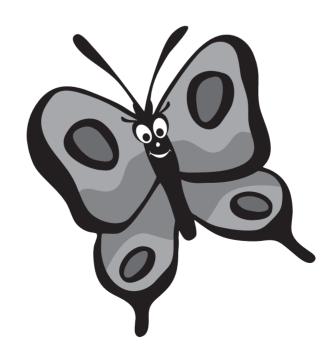


Table of Contents

Introduction	3
The Student Workbooks	3
The Readers	3
The Teacher's Guide	4
Curriculum Overview	8
Lesson List	9
Scope & Sequence	15
Phonics & Spelling Rules	19
Lesson Plans	36



Lesson 15: Consonant Digraph ch & Short Vowel o

Overview:

- Define the term "consonant digraph"
- Identify words that begin or end with the ch consonant digraph
- Read words that begin or end with the ch consonant digraph
- Match words with the ch consonant diagraph to the picture
- Recite the Short Vowel Rule
- Identify words that have the short o sound
- Complete words with a short o vowel
- Read words with a short o vowel

Materials and Supplies:

- Teacher's Guide & Student Workbook 1
- · White board or chalkboard
- Word cards (as necessary)
- Phonics rules flashcards
- Reader: Robinson Crusoe & Other Classic Stories

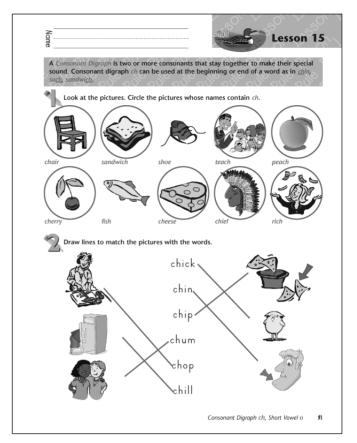
Teaching Tips:

Review for Mastery. Discuss and review any work from the previous lesson that was assigned as homework. Check for completion of the activities and orally quiz the student for comprehension. Review any reading that was assigned, discussing the characters, setting, plot, theme, language, sequence, etc.

Strengthen fluency and phonemic awareness by reviewing words and sentences from previous lessons. Build vocabulary skills by using some of the words in sentences.

Review the short vowels a & e with words from Lesson 14, Activity 3. Code the vowels with a breve and read the words.

Review the short vowel i with words from Lesson 14, Activity 5. Code the vowels with a breve and read the words.



Activity 1. Review the Consonant Digraph Rule. Review the **ch** Consonant Digraph Rule. Words to teach the concept: child, church, chart, change, chance, chest, cheer, chain, chair, check, chase, which, each, branch, touch, reach. Review the pictures with the student. Have the student circle the pictures with a beginning or ending **ch** consonant digraph.

Pictures:

chair, sandwich, shoe, teach, peach cherry, fish, cheese, chief, rich

Answers:

chair, sandwich, teach, peach cherry, cheese, chief, rich

Activity 2. Review the pictures with the student. Have the student read the words. Then have the student match the picture to the correct word.

Pictures:

chop chip chill chick chum chin

Note: The word *chick* reviews the **ck** spelling of the **k** sound at the end of a short vowel word.

Activity 3. Review the Short Vowel Rule and the short o sound. Words to teach the concept: Bob, bond, box, chop, cob, cot, Don, fox, from, God, got, hog, job, jot, lot, mom, nod, not, odd, pop, sob, Tom. Discuss each picture so that the student can correctly identify them. Instruct the student to draw a circle around the pictures that have the short o sound.

Pictures:

lock, fox, cob, mop, shot dock, pop, rat, on, top sock, pot, hog, net, dog

Answers:

lock, fox, cob, mop, shot dock, pop, on, top sock, pot, hog, dog

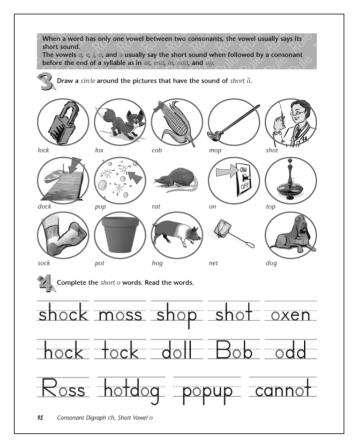
Activity 5. Have the student complete the short o words given an ending and/or a beginning letter(s). Then read the words that have been formed.

Words:

shock, moss, shop, shot, oxen hock, tock, doll, Bob, odd Ross, hotdog, popup, cannot

Note the compound words formed in this activity. **Reading**. Read and discuss the maxim for the Lesson.

Read the story *I Carry Some Things Ashore*. This is another chapter of the *Robinson Crusoe* story. Preview the story and explain words or sentence structures that are not familiar to the student. With every story ask questions: who are the characters, what are they doing, what are they saying, where does the action take place, what is the order of events, what words are being used, what new information is given, what lesson can be learned?



Comprehension questions:

What time was it?

What did Robinson realize was missing from the things he had loaded on the raft?

What was the weather like?

What helped carry the raft toward the shore?

Where did the tide first carry the raft?

What left the raft high and dry on the land?

Assign. Lesson activities or reading that are to be completed as homework.

Lesson 104: Spellings of the sh Sound

Overview:

- Auditory discrimination of the s sound
- · Auditory discrimination of the sh sound
- Apply the rules to read words with spellings of the s sound
- Apply the rules to read words with spellings of the sh sound
- Sort words by the s or sh sound

Materials and Supplies:

- Teacher's Guide & Student Workbook 2
- · White board or chalkboard
- Word cards (as necessary)
- Dictionary
- Reader: A Little Princess & Other Classic Stories

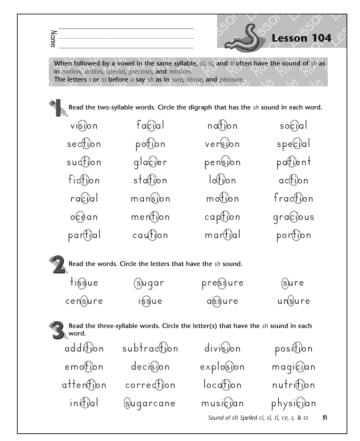
Teaching Tips:

Review for Mastery. Discuss and review any work from the previous lesson that was assigned as homework. Check for completion of the activities and orally quiz the student for comprehension. Review any reading that was assigned, discussing the characters, setting, plot, theme, language, sequence, etc.

Strengthen fluency and phonemic awareness by reviewing words and sentences from previous lessons. Build vocabulary skills by using some of the words in sentences.

Review silent letters with Lesson 103, Activities 1-3. Read the lists of words again. It is important that the student recognize the spelling of the silent letters and pronounce the words correctly.

Activity 1. Review the rule for the spellings of the sh sound and the examples. Have the student write examples of the rule on the chalkboard or white board. Words to teach the concept: artificial, delicious, judicial, optician, politician, technician, abrasion, discussion, erosion, illusion, occasion, percussion, television, cautious, convention,



creation, devotion, digestion, direction, donation, eviction, inflation, petition, reception, relation, rotation, salvation, sensation, situation, taxation, vacation, ocean, essential, initials, potential, spatial. Have the student read the words aloud. The student will circle the digraph in each word that makes the **sh** sound.

Words:

vision, facial, nation, social section, potion, version, special suction, glacier, pension, patient fiction, station, lotion, action racial, mansion, motion, fraction ocean, mention, caption, gracious partial, caution, martial, portion

Note that some of the **si** words have a /**zh**/ sound but they are commonly placed into this category.

Activity 2. Review the rule for the s or ss spelling of the sh sound and the examples. Have the student read the words aloud. The student will circle the letter or letters in each word that makes the sh sound.

Activity 2 continued:

Words:

tissue, sugar, pressure, sure censure, issue, assure, unsure

Activity 3. Have the student read the words aloud. The student will circle the digraph or letter in each word that makes the sh sound.

Words:

addition, subtraction, division, position emotion, decision, explosion, magician attention, correction, location, nutrition initial, sugarcane, musician, physician

Note that some of the **si** words have a /**zh**/ sound but they are commonly placed into this category.

Activity 4. Review the rules for the spellings of the s sound and the sh sound. Instruct the student to sort the words and write them in the correct box. Read the words after they have been sorted.

Words:

Sound of s	Sound of sh
secret	special
certain	ocean
sentence	mission
city	pressure
sound	social
once	station
seesaw	partial
since	action
sample	sugar
pencil	tissue
single	motion
voice	nation
summer	vision
address	passion
across	session

Reading. Read and discuss the maxim for the Lesson.

Read the story *A Change of Fortune*. This is another chapter of the *A Little Princess* story. Preview the story and explain words or sentence structures that are not familiar to the student.



With every story ask questions: who are the characters, what are they doing, what are they saying, where does the action take place, what is the order of events, what words are being used, what new information is given, what lesson can be learned?

Comprehension questions:

Who led the parade into the classroom? Who forgot herself in the excitement of the parade?

Who was asked to stay in the room while the presents were opened?

What excuse did Miss Minchin give for why Becky should not be allowed to remain in the room?

Where was Becky asked to stand?

How did Miss Minchin treat Sara like she was a princess?

Assign. Lesson activities or reading that are to be completed as homework.

Lesson 154: Difficult and Irregular Words of One Syllable

Overview:

- · Read difficult one-syllable words
- Read words with different spellings of the same vowel sound
- · Auditory discrimination of the long vowel sound
- Auditory discrimination of the short vowel sound
- Sort words by the vowel sound

Materials and Supplies:

- Teacher's Guide & Student Workbook 2
- · White board or chalkboard
- Word cards (as necessary)
- Dictionary
- Reader: A Little Princess & Other Classic Stories

Teaching Tips:

Review for Mastery. Discuss and review any work from the previous lesson that was assigned as homework. Check for completion of the activities and orally quiz the student for comprehension. Review any reading that was assigned, discussing the characters, setting, plot, theme, language, sequence, etc.

Strengthen fluency and phonemic awareness by reviewing words and sentences from previous lessons. Build vocabulary skills by using some of the words in sentences.

Review difficult one-syllable words with Lesson 153, Activity 1. Read the words again, first by rows and then by columns. Make a list of the words that the student struggles with for additional review.

Read the	words. Read left to	right, then read to	to bottom.	
stride	quide	foe	owe	blow
snow	hoe	pole	roll	toll
stroll	most	more	floor	oar
boat	moat	soak	blown	told
load	soap	prose	coax	sworr
board	sword	due	sue	new
screw	crew	slew	chew	ewe
rude	crude	spruce	fruit	lure
lamb	limb	dense	fence	cash
gnash	bread	head	neck	speck
tense	drench	badge	hedge	pledg
twelve	valve	sweat	prism	guilt
drift	risk	spill	witch	fring
spit	live	bolt	jolt	crum
plump	church	judge	shrub	purge
purse	law	saw	claw	war
fort	caught	fought	naught	swarı
morn	yawn	broad	cause	torch
all	call	haul	crawl	wart
quart	scald	moss	fork	walk
stalk	wasp	balm	cask	mark
spark	shark	qasp	lard	launc

This lesson will continue to review many of the phonics concepts that have been covered in this course. Have the student write examples of different spellings that sound the same on the chalk-board or white board. Assist the student as needed in reading the words in the lesson.

Activity 1. Have the student read the words in this activity one row at a time. Discuss the vowel sound and the spelling. Look also for consonant blends and other spellings for sounds. After the words have been read by rows, read the words in a column. Assist the student in correctly pronouncing the words.