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DAY TWO

I. DECLENSIONS

1. Give 1st declension pure η and pure α case endings and say aloud.

Pure η	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

Pure α	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

2. Give 1st declension mixed and masculine case endings and say aloud.

Mixed	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

1st Declension Masculine	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

3. Write the two sets of 2nd declension case endings you have learned. Say them aloud as you write them.

Masculine/Feminine	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

Neuter	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>

4. Decline each noun with the article, saying the declension aloud as you write it.

Singular	Plural
ἡ νίκη	

Singular	Plural
ἡ καρδιά	

Singular	Plural
ἡ δόξα	

Singular	Plural
ὁ ναύτης	

Singular	Plural
ὁ λόγος	

Singular	Plural
τὸ τέκνον	

II. VERB REVIEW: Principal Parts, Present Active, Imperfect Active, Future Active

- Write four of the six principal parts and include an English translation below each.

1st	2nd	3rd	4th
<i>Present Active</i>	<i>Future Active</i>	<i>Aorist Active</i>	<i>Perfect Active</i>

- Write the tense endings and say aloud. Look at *FFG* or the Appendices of *SFG* if you need to review.

Present Active		Imperfect Active		Future Active	
<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>
First Aorist Active		First Perfect Active		First Pluperfect Active	
Second Aorist Active		Second Perfect Active			

3. The **present active** comes from the 1st principal part, and the **present tense stem** is found by removing the 1st singular ending from the 1st principal part. Find the present tense stem of these verbs from *FFG*.

1 P.P.	- 1S Ending	= Present Tense Stem
λύω	-ω	λυ-
ἄρχω		
γράφω		
λείπω		
λέγω		

4. The **imperfect active** comes from the 1st principal part by augmenting the **present tense stem** and adding the imperfect tense endings. Find the imperfect active 1st person singular of each verb.

1 P.P.	- 1S Ending	= Pres. Tense Stem	+ Augment	+ 1S Imperfect Active Ending
λύω	-ω	λυ-	ἐλυ-	ἔλυον
ἄρχω				
γράφω				
λείπω				
λέγω				

5. The **future active** comes from the 2nd principal part, and the **future tense stem** is found by removing the 1st singular ending from the 2nd principal part. Find the future tense stem of these verbs.

2 P.P.	- 1S Ending	= Future Tense Stem	1 P.P.
λύσω			
ἄρξω			
γράψω			
λείψω			
ἀκούσω			

6. Write conjugations of λύω in Greek and say each form aloud.

Present Active	
Singular	Plural
λύω	
Future Active	
λύσω	

Imperfect Active	
Singular	Plural
ἔλυον	