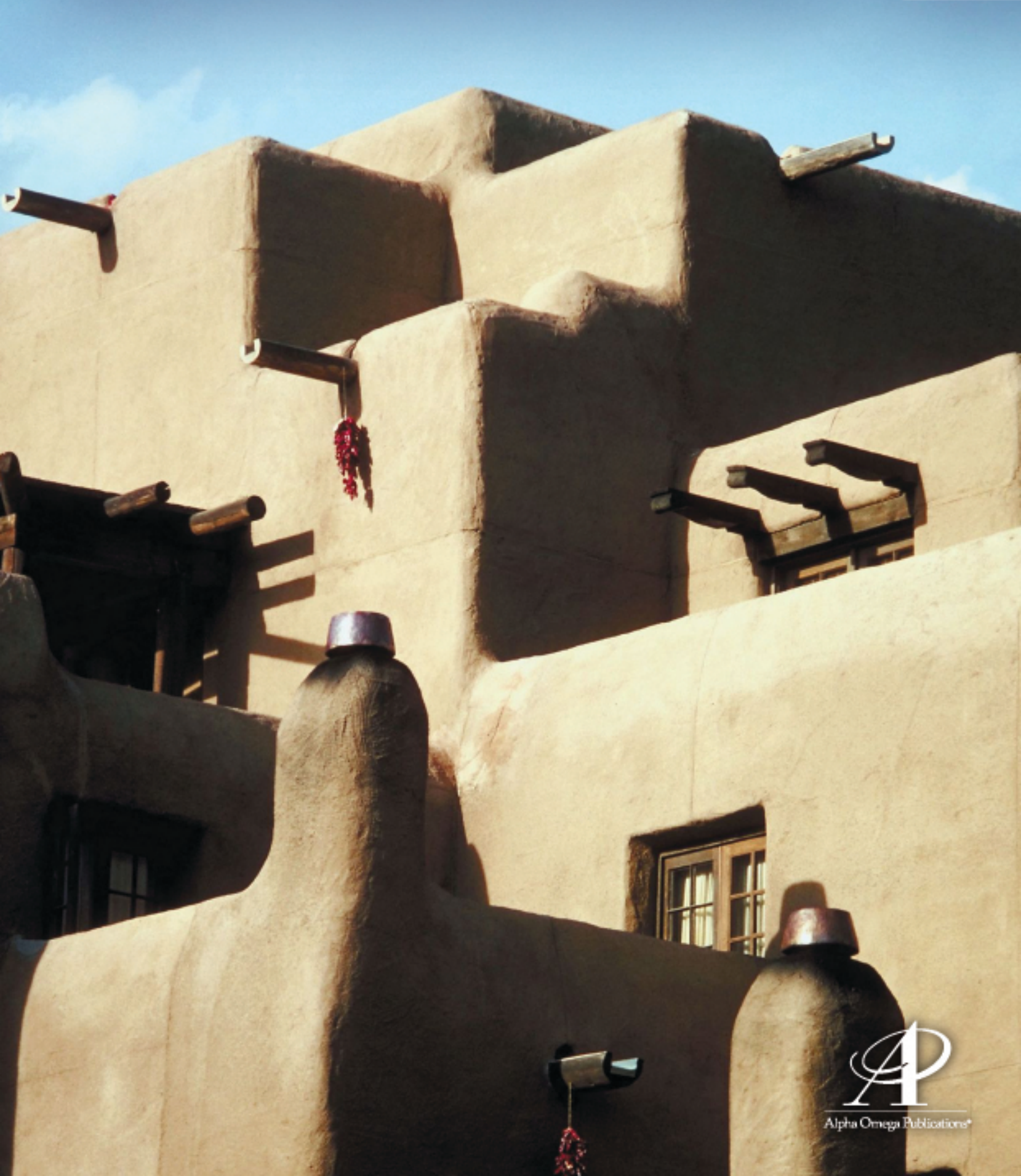




LIFE·PAC®

Spanish I



Alpha Omega Publications®

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Authors:

Brenda Hrbek, B.S. Ed.

Vicky Seeley Milunich, B.A., M.S. Ed.

Managing Editor:

Alan Christopherson, M.S.

Graphic Design:

Kyle Bennett, Jennifer Davis



Alpha Omega Publications®

804 N. 2nd Ave. E., Rock Rapids, IA 51246-1759

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Note to Students: Whenever you are prompted to listen to an audio portion of an exercise (indicated by the  icon), a blank has been provided for you to record the audio CD track number. This will aid you in quickly locating the correct track number when you review.

SPANISH 1: LIFE PAC NINE

UN PUEBLO TÍPICO

OBJECTIVES

When you've completed this LIFE PAC, you should be able to:

1. Use vocabulary specific to different types of stores and shops and their related professions.
2. Demonstrate mastery of indirect object pronouns.
3. Demonstrate mastery of the use of both a direct and indirect object pronoun together in the same sentence.
4. Use prepositions and prepositional pronouns correctly.
5. Explain basic Spanish history, culture and life in both a small town and in a large city.
6. Reinforce previously learned material, especially from LIFE PACs 3, 4 and 8.



I. NEIGHBORHOOD VOCABULARY



El Vecindario



Listen and repeat this conversation between two friends who see each other downtown.
(CD Track # _____)

Vocabulary: mejor – best vecindario – neighborhood me encanta – I love

Mario: Hola, Ale. ¿Adónde vas?
Ale: Hola, Mario. Voy a la frutería.
Mario: ¿Qué vas a comprar?
Ale: Voy a comprar manzanas, naranjas y uvas.
Mario: Yo voy a la panadería y luego a la pescadería.
Ale: Necesito ir a la panadería también. ¿Quieres ir juntos?
Mario: Bueno. ¿Y quieres ir a la heladería después?
Ale: Sí. ¡Me encanta el helado!
Mario: Nuestra heladería es muy buena.
Ale: Tienes razón. Y la panadería también es muy buena.
Mario: Sí, el pan es muy delicioso y no cuesta mucho.
Ale: Oye, Mario, aquí está la mueblería. Tu hermano mayor trabaja aquí, ¿no?
Mario: Sí, él hace muebles como sillas, mesas, y cómodas.
Ale: Mi tía trabaja en la florería al lado de la mueblería. Es florista.
Mario: Mi mamá siempre compra flores de tu tía. Dice que ella es la mejor florista del pueblo.
Ale: Sí, sus flores son muy bonitas.
Mario: Me gustan mucho las tiendas pequeñas en nuestro vecindario.
Ale: ¡A mí también!



Ale and Mario are talking about the different stores in their neighborhood and who works in them. While there are several new words in this conversation, by using your knowledge of Spanish word families, you can easily figure them out.

1.1

- a. What does *fruta* mean? Notice the word *frutería* in the conversation. What kind of store is it? What is Ale going to buy at it?
- b. What does *pan* mean? What word in the conversation is related to it? What would you guess its meaning to be?
- c. What does *pescado* mean? Based on that, what kind of store is a *pescadería*?
- d. What word is related to *helado*? What kind of store is it?
- e. What does Mario's older brother make? Based on that, what does *muebles* mean and what kind of store is a *mueblería*?
- f. Who works at the *florería*? What does this person sell? Based on your knowledge of word families, what does *florería* mean? What does *florista* mean?



Conversation Practice

1.2

Now go back and practice reading the conversation with a learning partner.



Adult check

Initial

Date



Write the English translation for each of the following. Refer to previous LIFEPAAC lessons if necessary.

1.3

- a. pescado _____
- b. carne _____
- c. pan _____
- d. fruta _____
- e. pasteles _____
- f. helado _____
- g. libros _____
- h. flores _____
- i. zapatos _____
- j. leche _____
- k. papel _____



Based on your answers for the previous activity, what kind of store or shop is each of the following?

1.4

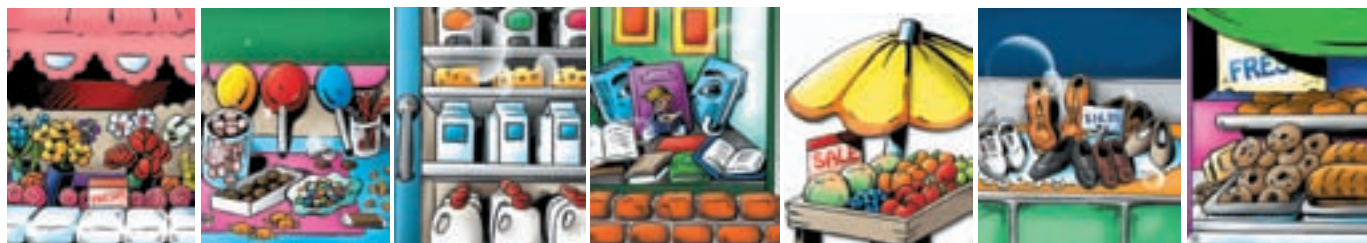
- a. una pescadería _____
- b. una carnicería _____
- c. una panadería _____
- d. una frutería _____
- e. una pastelería _____
- f. una heladería _____
- g. una librería _____
- h. una florería/floristería _____
- i. una zapatería _____
- j. una lechería _____
- k. una papelería _____



The following are all professions associated with the stores and shops in the previous activity. Write what you think each one is.

1.5

- a. un pescador _____
- b. un carnicero _____
- c. un panadero _____
- d. un frutero _____
- e. un pastelero _____
- f. un heladero _____
- g. un librero _____
- h. un florista/florero _____
- i. un zapatero _____
- j. un lechero _____
- k. un papelerero _____



Listen and repeat these vocabulary words. (CD Track # _____)

el vecindario – the neighborhood
el vecino – the neighbor
la pescadería – the fish store, fish market
el pescador – the fisherman
la carnicería – the butcher shop
el carnicero – the butcher
la panadería – the bakery
el panadero – the baker
la frutería – the fruit store
el frutero – the fruit vendor
la pastelería – the pastry shop
el pastelero – the pastry chef
la joyería – the jewelry store
el joyero – the jeweler
la mueblería – the furniture store
el mueblista – the furniture maker/seller

la heladería – the ice cream shop
el heladero – the ice cream vendor
la librería – the book store
el librero – the book vendor
la dulcería – the candy store
el dulcero – the confectioner
la florería, floristería – the flower shop
el florista, florero – the florist
la peluquería – the barbershop, the beauty shop
el peluquero – the barber, hairdresser
la zapatería – the shoe store
el zapatero – the shoemaker/seller
la lechería – the dairy store
el lechero – the milkman
la papelería – the stationery store

el papeler – the stationer

pescar – to fish

las joyas – jewelry

***los muebles** – furniture

***los dulces** – candy

un sobre – an envelope

*The singular of *muebles* is *mueble* (a piece of furniture). The singular of *dulces* is *dulce* (a piece of candy). *Dulce* is also used as the adjective *sweet*. (*Este postre es muy dulce.* = This dessert is very sweet.)

Notice that there are two different words for *flower shop* and *florist*. While you may use whichever you want, you should be familiar with both.

For professions that end in *-a*, the masculine and feminine forms are the same. For *pescador*, add an *a* for the feminine form. For professions that end in *-o*, change the *o* to *a* in the feminine form.

el florista – the florist (male)

la florista – the florist (female)

el vecino – the neighbor (male)

la vecina – the neighbor (female)

el peluquero – the barber, (male) hairdresser

la peluquera – the beautician, (female) hairdresser

While a few of the profession vocabulary words are not commonly used in English (e.g., confectioner, stationer), because of word families, it will be easy for you to remember what kind of store or shop they are associated with.



Write the correct Spanish store or shop in the blank.

1.6

- a. Se venden plátanos y fresas en una _____ .
- b. Se venden queso y mantequilla en una _____ .
- c. Se corta el pelo en una _____ .
- d. Se venden mariscos en una _____ .
- e. Se venden bistec y ternera en una _____ .
- f. Se venden camas y escritorios en una _____ .
- g. Se venden revistas y libros en una _____ .
- h. Se venden sobres y papel en una _____ .



Listen to each sentence on the CD (CD Track # _____). If it's logical, circle *sí*. If it's not logical, circle *no*. You'll hear each sentence twice.

1.7

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| a. <i>sí</i> no | d. <i>sí</i> no | g. <i>sí</i> no | j. <i>sí</i> no |
| b. <i>sí</i> no | e. <i>sí</i> no | h. <i>sí</i> no | k. <i>sí</i> no |
| c. <i>sí</i> no | f. <i>sí</i> no | i. <i>sí</i> no | l. <i>sí</i> no |



Review the material in this section in preparation for the Self Test. The Self Test will check your mastery of this particular section. The items missed on this Self Test will indicate specific areas where restudy is needed for mastery.

SELF TEST 1

1.01 Write the correct Spanish store or shop. (3 pts. each)

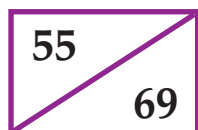
- a. Se venden sillas y mesas en una _____.
- b. Se venden sobres y cuadernos en una _____.
- c. Se venden duraznos y manzanas en una _____.
- d. Se venden pescado en una _____.
- e. Se venden ternera y chuletas de cerdo en una _____.
- f. Se venden dulces en una _____.
- g. Se venden queso y mantequilla en una _____.
- h. Se corta el pelo en una _____.
- i. Se vende pan en una _____.
- j. Se venden libros y revistas en una _____.

1.02 Write the correct Spanish profession. (3 pts. each)

- a. Un _____ trabaja en una joyería.
- b. Un _____ trabaja en una pastelería.
- c. Un _____ trabaja en una heladería.
- d. Un _____ trabaja en una zapatería.
- e. Un _____ trabaja en una florería.

1.03 Answer the following with complete sentences in Spanish. (6 pts. each)

- a. ¿Con qué frecuencia comes dulces?
- b. ¿Conoces a todos tus vecinos?
- c. ¿Te gusta pescar?
- d. ¿Tienes muchas joyas?



Score _____

Teacher check _____

Initial

Date