# WEBSTER'S Dictionary forStudents戸 FIFTH EDITION $\overline{ }$ 

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## Preface

This dictionary defines more than 37,000 words and phrases that reflect the vocabulary level, curriculum requirements, and personal interests of students. This newly updated version adds dozens of new words students are likely to encounter in their everyday life, including aha moment, BFF, carbon footprint, chat room, e-book, FAQ, google, hashtag, ringtone, selfie, and unfriend. We have also included special Canadian and British spellings, such as colour and endeavour when they differ from the usual spelling in the U.S.

We are proud of this dictionary, and we think it will be a great help to young students. The features of this dictionary are similar to those of larger dictionaries. It is important to understand them to make best use of this valuable language tool. For this reason we urge you to become familiar with the information in the next section, Using the Dictionary.

## Using the Dictionary

The bold word that begins an entry is known as the main entry word. All of the material in the entry is related to the main entry word or to derived words or phrases that also appear in the entry.

> cola $n$, pl co•las : a sweet brown carbonated soft drink that contains flavoring from the nut of a tropical tree
> icon $n \ldots 4:$ a small picture or symbol on a computer screen that represents a function that the computer can perform

Centered dots in the bold forms show where the words may be hyphenated at the end of a line on a page, and they may serve as an aid in sounding out the words.

Other bold forms may appear in this entry, such as variant spellings and inflected forms of the main entry word. Inflected forms are the plurals of nouns, the principal parts of verbs, or the comparative and superlative forms of adjectives.
${ }^{1}$ down•ward $o r$ down•wards $a d v$ : from a higher place, amount, or level to a lower one
anx-i•ety $n, p l$ anx•ieties : fear or nervousness about what might happen
${ }^{2}$ witness $v b$ wit•nessed; wit•ness•ing 1 : to see or gain personal knowledge of something . . .
${ }^{1}$ free adj fre-er; fre-est 1 : given without charge
Other bold items in the entry may be defined run-on phrases that have the main entry word in the phrase, and run-in entries that are being explained in the definition itself.
${ }^{1}$ stand $v b$ stood; stand-ing 1 : to be in or take an upright position . . - stand by 1 : to be or remain loyal or true to ...-stand for 1 : to be a symbol for : REPRESENT
ol-ive $n$. . . : the oily fruit of an evergreen tree that is eaten both ripe and unripe and is the source of an edible oil (olive oil) . . .

One of the more common bold forms appearing at an entry is the undefined run-on entry. This is a word at the end of an entry that is derived from the main entry by the addition of a common word ending (suffix).
af•fa•ble adj : friendly and easy to talk to - af•fably $a d v$

Since you know the meaning of the main entry word and the meaning of the suffix, the meaning of the run-on entry is self-explanatory.

The way a word is used in a sentence, its function, sometimes called its part of speech, is indicated by any of several italic abbreviations: $n$ for noun (cat, dog, mother), $v b$ for verb (run, jump, cry), adj for adjective (blue, tall, happy), adv for adverb (easily, fast,
nearby), pron for pronoun (who, them, none), conj for conjunction (and, but, if), prep for preposition (about, for, to), and interj for interjection (hello, ahoy). Others include helping verb (may, can), prefix (anti-, bio-), and suffix (-age, -er, -graph).

When there are two or more words that have the same spelling but are different in their meanings or how they function in a sentence, these are distinguished by a small superscript numeral in front of the spelling. The numeral is not part of the spelling; it is there in this dictionary to distinguish these identically spelled words (called homographs).

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\({ }^{1}\) calf \(n, p l\) calves 1 : a young cow...
\({ }^{2}\) calf \(n, p l\) calves : the muscular back part of the
    leg...
\({ }^{1}\) dai-ly adj 1 : occurring, done, produced, appear-
    ing, or used every day . . .
\({ }^{2}\) daily \(a d v\) : every day
\({ }^{3}\) daily \(n, p l\) dai-lies : a newspaper published every
    weekday
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One very important way a dictionary saves space when two or more words have the same meaning is by putting the definition at the more common word and linking to that entry by means of a cross-reference in SMALL Capitals. Look at the following.

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abash vb ... : EmbarRass
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The treatment here tells you to look at the entry embarrass for a definition of both abash and embarrass. And this treatment tells you also that abash and embarrass are synonyms.

Sometimes the synonym cross-reference is used in place of a definition and sometimes following a definition.
lightning bug $n$ : firefly
om•nip•otent adj : having power or authority
without limit : almighty ...
When the synonym cross-reference has a following sense number or has a superscript homograph number attached, it tells you which specific sense number and which homograph to look to for the shared meaning.
prince $n 1$ : monarch $1 \ldots$
con•fi-den•tial adj $1:{ }^{1}$ SECRET $1 .$.
There is a special treatment for Canadian (Can) and British (Brit) spelling variants. These variants are usually listed along with the U.S. spelling.
cal- $\cdot$.ber or Can and Brit cal $\cdot \cdot$-bre $n \mathbf{1}$ : level of excellence, skill, or importance . . .
the-ater or chiefly Can and Brit the-atre $n \mathbf{1}:$ a building in which plays, motion pictures, or shows are presented...

The or Can and Brit at caliber indicates that the following spelling is the typical spelling in Canada and Britain and is relatively uncommon in the U.S.; the or chiefly Can and Brit at theater indicates that the following spelling, while typical in Canada and Britain, has some currency in the U.S.

## Using the Dictionary

When the Canadian or British spelling would fall more than five entries away, it is also reentered with a cross-reference to the main entry.
cheque Can and Brit spelling of CHECK n, sense 4 plough, ploughshare chiefly Brit spelling of PLOW, PLOWSHARE

Your dictionary also guides you in the way a particular word is used. Usage notes may follow a definition or be used in place of a definition.
ath-let-ics $n p l$ : games, sports, and exercises requiring strength, endurance, and skill - used as singular or plural
${ }^{3}$ why interj - used to express surprise, uncertainty, approval, disapproval, or impatience

Guidance on capitalization for entries where the main entry word is not shown capitalized is usually shown by an italic note at the beginning of the definition.
french fry $n$, often cap 1st $F$ : a strip of potato fried in deep fat
cpu $n$ often cap $C \& P \& U$ : the part of a computer that does most of the processing of data

## A

${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \mathbf{a} n, p l$ a's or as often cap $\mathbf{1}$ : the first letter of the English alphabet 2 : a grade that shows a student's work is excellent 3 : a musical note referred to by the letter A
${ }^{2}$ a indefinite article $\mathbf{1}$ : someone or something being mentioned for the first time 2 : the same 3 : ${ }^{1}$ any 14 : for or from each 5 : ${ }^{2}$ ONE 3 - used before words that do not begin with a vowel sound
a- prefix 1: on : in : at 2 : in (such) a state, condition, or manner $\mathbf{3}$ : in the act or process of
aard-vark $n$ : an African animal with a long snout and a long sticky tongue that feeds mostly on ants and termites and is active at night
AB abbr Alberta
ab- prefix : from : differing from
aback $a d v$ : by surprise
aba-cus $n, p l$ aba-ci or aba-cus-es : an instrument for doing arithmetic by sliding counters along rods or in grooves
ab-a.Io.ne $n$ : a shellfish that is a mollusk which has a flattened shell with a pearly lining
${ }^{1}$ aban $\cdot$ don $v b$ aban $\cdot$ doned; aban•don•ing 1 : to leave and never return to : give up completely 2 : to stop having or doing - aban-don-ment $n$
${ }^{2}$ abandon $n$ : a feeling of complete freedom aban•doned $a d j$ : given up : left empty or unused
abash $v b$ abashed; abash•ing : EMBARRASS
abate $v b$ abat-ed; abat•ing : to make or become less - abate.ment $n$
ab-bess $n$ : the head of an abbey for women
ab-bey $n, p l$ abbeys 1 : MONASTERY, CONVENT 2 : a church that is connected to buildings where nuns or monks live
ab-bot $n$ : the head of an abbey for men
abbr $a b b r$ abbreviation
ab-bre-vi•ate $v b$ ab-bre-vi•at-ed; ab-bre-vi•ating : to make briefer : SHORTEN
ab.bre.vi.a.tion $n$ : a shortened form of a word or phrase
ab-di-cate $v b$ ab-di-cat-ed; ab•di-cat-ing : to give up a position of power or authority -ab-di-ca.tion $n$
ab-do.men $n 1$ : the part of the body between the chest and the hips including the cavity containing the stomach and other digestive organs 2 : the hind part of the body of an arthropod (as an insect)
ab.dom.i-nal adj : relating to or located in the abdomen
ab-duct $v b$ ab•duct•ed; ab•duct•ing : to take a person away by force : KIDNAP - ab-duction $n$
abed $a d v$ or adj $:$ in bed
aber.ra.tion $n$ : an instance of being different from what is normal or usual
$\mathbf{a b} \cdot$ hor $v b$ ab-horred; ab-hor-ring : to dislike very much : LOATHE
ab-hor-rent $a d j$ : causing or deserving strong dislike
abide $v b$ abode or abid•ed; abid•ing 1: to put up with patiently : TOLERATE 2 $:{ }^{1}$ LAST 1 , EndURE 3 : to stay or live in a place - abide by : to accept the terms of : OBEY
abil. $\cdot$ ty $n, p l$ abil $\cdot \cdot$.ties 1 : power to do something 2 : natural talent or acquired skill
-abil-i.ty also -ibil.j.ty $n$ suffix, $p l$-abil.i.ties also -ibil-i.ties : ability, fitness, or tendency to act or be acted upon in (such) a way
ab-ject adj 1 : very bad or severe 2 : low in spirit, strength, or hope - ab-ject•ly $a d v$
ablaze $\operatorname{adj} 1$ : on fire 2 : glowing with light, color, or emotion
able adj abler; ablest 1 : having enough power, resources, or skill to do something 2 : having the freedom or opportunity to do something 3 : having or showing much skill -able also -ible adj suffix 1 : capable of, fit for, or worthy of being 2 : tending or likely to - -ably also -ibly adv suffix
able-bod-ied $a d j$ : physically fit
ably $a d v$ : in a skillful way
ab-nor-mal adj : differing from the normal usually in a noticeable way - ab•nor-mal•ly $a d v$
ab-nor-mal $\cdot \cdot \cdot$ ty $n, p l$ ab•nor-mal $\cdot \cdot$.ties : something that is not usual, expected, or normal
${ }^{1}$ aboard $a d v$ : on, onto, or within a ship, train, bus, or airplane
${ }^{2}$ aboard prep : on or into especially for passage
${ }^{1}$ abode past of ABIDE
${ }^{2}$ abode $n$ : the place where someone stays or lives
abol-ish $v b$ abol-ished; abol•ish•ing : to do away with : put an end to
ab-o.li-tion $n$ : a complete elimination of
ab.o.li.tion.ist $n$ : a person favoring the abolition of slavery
A-bomb $n$ : atомic bомв
abom.i-na.ble adj 1 : deserving or causing disgust 2 : very disagreeable or unpleasant - abom.i-na.bly $a d v$
abominable snow-man $n$, often cap $A \& S$ : a creature somewhat resembling a human
being or ape that is reported to exist in the Himalaya mountains
abom.i-na.tion $n$ : something that causes disgust
ab-orig-i-nal $\operatorname{adj} 1$ : being the first of its kind in a region 2 : of or relating to the original people living in a region
ab-orig.i-ne $n, p l$ ab-orig.ines : a member of the original people living in a region : NATIVE
abound $v b$ abound•ed; abound-ing 1 : to be plentiful : TEEM 2 : to be fully supplied
${ }^{1}$ about $a d v$ 1: almost, nearly 2 : on all sides : around 3: in the opposite direction 4 : on the verge of
${ }^{2}$ about prep 1 : having to do with 2 : on every side of : AROUND 3 : over or in different parts of 4 : near or not far from in time
${ }^{1}$ above $a d v$ : in or to a higher place
${ }^{2}$ above prep 1: higher than: OVER 2 : too good for 3 : more than 4 : to a greater degree than 5 : having more power or importance than
${ }^{3}$ above adj: said or written earlier
${ }^{1}$ above-board $a d v$ : in an honest open way
${ }^{2}$ aboveboard $a d j$ : free from tricks and secrecy
ab-ra•ca-dab-ra $n$ : a magical charm or word
abrade $v b$ abrad•ed; abrad-ing : to wear away or irritate by rubbing
${ }^{1}$ abra-sive $n$ : a substance for grinding, smoothing, or polishing
${ }^{2}$ abrasive adj 1 : causing damage or wear by rubbing 2 : very unpleasant or irritating
abreast $a d v$ or adj 1 : right beside one another 2 : up to a certain level of knowledge
abridge $v b$ abridged; abridg-ing : to shorten by leaving out some parts
abridg-ment or abridge-ment $n$ : a shortened form of a written work
abroad adv or adj $\mathbf{1}$ : over a wide area $2:$ in the open : outdoors 3 : in or to a foreign country 4 : known to many people
abrupt adj 1 : happening without warning : SUDDEN 2: ${ }^{1}$ STEEP 13 : rudely brief abrupt•ly $a d v$ — abrupt-ness $n$
ab-scess $n$ : a collection of pus with swollen and red tissue around it - ab-scessed adj
absence $n$ 1: a failure to be present at a usual or expected place $2:{ }^{2}$ LACK, WANT
ab-sent adj 1 : not present 2 : not existing 3 : showing a lack of attention
ab-sentee $n$ : a person who is not present
ab-sent•mind•ed $a d j$ : tending to forget or not pay attention - ab•sent•mind•ed•ly $a d v$ -ab-sent-mind•ed•ness $n$
ab-solute adj 1: ${ }^{1}$ TOTAL 1, COMPLETE 2 : not limited in any way 3 : free from doubt : CERTAIN - ab•so•lute•ly $a d v$
ab-solve $v b$ ab-solved; ab-solv•ing : to make free from guilt or responsibility
ab-sorb $v b$ ab-sorbed; ab-sorb.ing 1 : to take in or swallow up 2 : to hold the complete attention of 3 : to receive without giving back
ab-sor-ben-cy $n$ : the quality or state of being able to draw in or soak up
ab-sor-bent $a d j$ : able to draw in or soak up
ab-sorp.tion $n$ 1: the process of drawing in or soaking up : absorbing or being absorbed 2 : complete attention
ab-stain $v b$ ab-stained; ab-stain.ing : to choose not to do or have something - ab-stain-er $n$
ab-sti-nence $n$ : an avoidance by choice especially of certain foods or of liquor
${ }^{1}$ ab-stract $a d j 1$ : hard to understand 2 : relating to general ideas or qualities rather than specific people, things, or actions -ab-stract-ly $a d v$
${ }^{2}$ ab-stract $n:{ }^{2}$ SUMMARY
${ }^{3}$ ab-stract $v b$ ab-stract-ed; ab-stract•ing 1 : to take away: SEPARATE 2 : SUMMARIZE
ab-strac-tion $n$ 1: the act of summarizing : the state of being summarized 2 : a thought or thoughts about general qualities or ideas rather than people or things
ab-surd adj : completely foolish, unreasonable, or untrue : RIDICULOUS - ab-surd•ly $a d v$
ab-sur-di•ty $n, p l$ ab•sur.di-ties 1 : the fact of being ridiculous 2 : something that is ridiculous
abun dance $n$ : a large quantity: PLENTY
abun dant $a d j$ : more than enough : PLENTIFUL — abun $\cdot$ dant $\cdot$ ly $a d v$
${ }^{1}$ abuse $n 1$ : wrong or unfair treatment or use 2 : the act or practice of improperly using or of using in harmful amounts 3 : harmful treatment of a person or an animal 4 : harsh insulting language 5 : a dishonest practice
${ }^{2}$ abuse $v b$ abused; abus-ing 1 : to treat in a cruel or harmful way 2 : to use wrongly : mISUSE 3 : to use improperly or in harmful amounts 4 : to blame or scold rudely
abu $\cdot$ sive adj 1 : using or involving harmful treatment 2 : using harsh insulting language abut $v b$ abut.ted; abut.ting : to touch along an edge
abys-mal $a d j$ : extremely bad
abyss $n$ : a gulf so deep or space so great that it cannot be measured
AC $a b b r 1$ air-conditioning 2 alternating current 3 area code
ac•a•dem•ic $\operatorname{adj} 1$ : of or relating to schools and education 2 : having no practical importance - ac-a.dem.i.cal.ly adv
acad.e.my $n, p l$ acad.e.mies 1 : a private high school 2 : a high school or college

