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## Lesson 1: Simple Subject and Main Verb

A simple sentence has a noun (subject) and a verb (predicate).											
To diagram a sentence, start with a main line that has a vertical (subject/predicate) line through it.											
Write the <b>simple subject</b> before the vertical line and the <i>main verb</i> (predicate) after. The first word of the sentence must be capitalized, even in a diagram. No ending punctuation, commas, colons, or semi-colons are used in a diagram.											
Charlie snores!											
<u>Charlie</u> snores											
Each sentence diagram below has an error. Diagram each sentence correctly.											
a. Cats purr.											
purr Cats											
b. Chickens cluck.											
Chickens cluck											
c. Artists draw.											
Artists draw											

Helping verbs are diagrammed with the <i>main verb</i> on the right side of the vertical subject/predicate line.												
We <u>will</u> sing!												
Wewill sing												
The <b>subject</b> of a sentence can be a noun or a pronoun.												
Ben hiccupped.					He hiccupped.							
	Ben	hiccupped			_	Не	hiccupped	_				
							l					
2. Fill	in the diagram fo	or each senter	ice.									
a.	Flowers grow.											
	, and the second											
b. Emily should read.												
C.	She sneezed.											

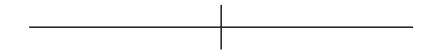
d. They had eaten.

3. Write a sentence to match each diagram. Then complete the diagram.

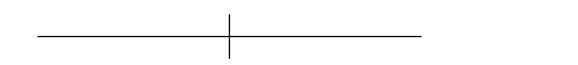
a. \_\_\_\_\_



b. \_\_\_\_\_



C. \_\_\_\_\_



d. \_\_\_\_\_



If the subject is a **two-word name**, the whole name is diagrammed on the main line.

Uncle Fritz snores.

Uncle Fritz snores

Mrs. Anderson might go.

Mrs. Anderson might go

- 4. Diagram each sentence.
  - a. Mimi bakes.

b. He has spoken.

c. Mr. Cavanaugh tripped.

d. Grandma Polly will visit.