## **Table of Contents**

Introduction	
Prefix Lessons	
The Prefix <i>un</i>	4
The Prefix <i>pre-</i>	6
The Prefix <i>re</i>	8
The Prefix dis	10
The Prefix <i>out-</i>	12
The Prefix <i>sub-</i>	14
The Prefix <i>under-</i>	16
Suffix Lessons	
The Suffixes -s and -es	
The Suffixes -d and -ed	20
The Suffixes -n and -en	22
More Practice with Completed-Action Suffixes	23
The Suffix -ing	24
The Suffixes -r and -er	26
The Suffixes -st and -est	28
More Practice with Comparative Suffixes	30
The Suffix -y	31
The Suffix -ly	33
The Suffix -ful	35
The Suffix -less	37
The Suffix -ish	39
The Suffix -ness	41
Assessment	43
Summary of Prefixes and Suffixes	45
Answer Key	15

## The Suffix -ing

The suffix *-ing* shows continuous action. Verbs end in *-ing* to show the action is continuing. One-syllable verbs that end in *ie* change to *y* before adding *ing*.

Examples: learning means "continuing to learn" tying means "continuing to tie"

Part I: Add the suffix -ing to these verbs to make the continuous action form of the verb.

Examples:	buy	buying	
	lie	lying	
1. join			9. display
2. say			10. start
3. spill			11. tell
4. jump			12. walk
5. kick			13. cry
6. die			14. stay
7. sweep	)		15. tie
8. spy			16. keep

**Part II:** Read each sentence. Think about the action that's happening. Then darken the circle next to the correct answer.

1.	Tamara keeps	her bug bite.
	(a) reaching	
	b scratching	
	© looking	
2.	Bill is	his dinner early today.
	(a) eating	
	b being	
	c keeping	
3.	The child was	about her lost doll
	(a) kicking	
	b weeping	
	c cleaning	



24

## More Rules for the Suffix -er

The suffix *-er* is added to an adjective in order to compare two things.

- When a word ends in a vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add er.
- When a word ends in a y, change the y to an i and then add er.

Examples: wetter means "more wet than the other" uglier means "more ugly than the other"

**Part I:** Add -er to the adjectives to show that two things are being compared. Follow the rules for adding -er.

Examples:	sad sadder	-
	prettyprettier	-
1. curly		7. hot
2. sad _		8. early
3. dry _		9. funny
4. red _		10. flat
5. sunny		11. big
6. heavy		12. angry

Part II: Change the boldface word so that it shows a comparison between two things.

Example: This bush is pretty.	This bush is prettier than the other one.		
1. I am <b>hungry</b> .	I am	_ today than I was yesterday.	
2. His feet are <b>big</b> .	His feet are	than mine.	
3. Her joke is <b>funny</b> .	Her joke is	than his.	
4. That dress is <b>ugly</b> .	That dress is	than the first one you wore.	
5. This pig is <b>fat</b> .	This pig is	than the one over there.	
6. That towel is <b>wet</b> .	That towel is	than this one.	
7. This box is <b>heavy</b> .	This box is	than the last one.	