

Lesson 2: The Omega Verb - Present Tense

DAY ONE

I. WORD STUDY AND GRAMMAR

1. Most Greek verbs end in _____ in the first person singular.
2. The present tense is formed by adding _____ endings to the present stem.
3. How do you find the present stem? _____

4. The present stem of λύω is _____.
5. If the third person plural form of the present tense is followed by a/an _____
or a word that begins with a/an _____, it may have _____
attached to the end. This is called the _____.
6. The first person is the person _____
The second person is the person _____
The third person is the person _____
7. Complete the chart.

Person	Singular		Plural	
	English Pronoun	Greek Tense Ending	English Pronoun	Greek Tense Ending
1st				
2nd				
3rd				

8. The Greek present tense usually corresponds to the English _____ present.
9. In English, *I loose* is the _____ present, *I am loosing* is the _____
present, and *I do loose* is the _____ present.
10. The infinitive is a/an _____
that means _____.
11. Which vocabulary word has a diphthong? _____

II. GREEK SAYING: Say aloud and write 3X.

Greek	
Greek	
Greek	
English	

III. VOCABULARY: Say aloud and write with meanings and cognates. Repeat this exercise on Days Two and Three on a separate sheet of paper.

Greek (Lexical Form)	Meaning	Cognate

IV. COGNATES

1. To separate something into constituent parts or elements in order to determine its essential features is to _____ it.
2. The branch of physics that deals with sound and sound waves is called _____.
3. The _____ in your digital presentation were beautiful.

DAY TWO

I. CONJUGATIONS

1. Give the Greek and stem.

	Lexical Form	Stem
I loose (loosen), destroy	λύω	λυ-
I hear		
I see		
I write		
I wish, will, desire		
I say, speak, tell		

2. Write the present tense endings twice and say aloud.

Singular	Plural

Singular	Plural

3. Write the stem in every space before adding present tense endings and leave spaces between stem and endings. Say each conjugation aloud as you write it and several times after you write it.

Singular	Plural
λύ ω	

Meanings - Progressive Present	

Singular	Plural
γράφ ω	

Meanings - Simple Present	

Singular	Plural
ἀκούω	

Meanings - Emphatic Present	

Singular	Plural
βλέπω	

Meanings - Progressive Present	

4. Give the infinitive of each verb and its English translation.

	Infinitive	Translation
I hear		
I see		
I write		
I wish, will, desire		
I say, speak, tell		
I loose (loosen), destroy		

DAY THREE

I. FORM DRILLS: Greek to English

Parsing - Circle present tense ending and complete chart.

Form	Greek (Lexical Entry) English	Person, Number English Pronoun	Translation (Simple Present)
βλέπει	βλέπω see	3P sing. he, she, it (hsi)	hsi sees
θέλουν			
γράφουν			
λύει			
λέγετε			

Drill A - Circle the present tense ending and translate in the *progressive* present.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. λύετε _____ | 6. θέλω _____ |
| 2. βλέπουν _____ | 7. λέγουν _____ |
| 3. γράφουν _____ | 8. λύει _____ |
| 4. ακούει _____ | 9. ακούει _____ |
| 5. λύει _____ | 10. βλέπει _____ |

Drill B - Circle the present tense ending and translate in the *simple* present.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. λύει _____ | 6. θέλουν _____ |
| 2. βλέπουν _____ | 7. λέγουν _____ |
| 3. γράφετε _____ | 8. λύει _____ |
| 4. ακούει _____ | 9. ακούω _____ |
| 5. λύει _____ | 10. βλέπετε _____ |

Drill C - Circle the present tense ending and translate in the *emphatic* present.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. λύουσι _____ | 6. θέλω _____ |
| 2. βλέπει _____ | 7. λέγετε _____ |
| 3. γράφεις _____ | 8. λύετε _____ |
| 4. ακούομεν _____ | 9. ακούουσι _____ |
| 5. λύει _____ | 10. βλέπω _____ |

DAY FOUR

I. FORM DRILLS: English to Greek

Parsing - Translate into Greek, using steps as shown in example.

Form	Lexical Form Person, Number	Tense	Present Stem Tense Ending	Translation
he hears	ἀκούω 3P sing.	present	ἀκού- ει	ἀκούει
they write				
I say				
you all loose				

Drill A - Translate.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. she is wishing _____ | 6. you are writing _____ |
| 2. they are hearing _____ | 7. he is saying _____ |
| 3. you all are saying _____ | 8. they are destroying _____ |
| 4. he is loosening _____ | 9. we are speaking _____ |
| 5. we are hearing _____ | 10. you all are desiring _____ |

Drill B - Translate.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. he hears _____ | 6. we do hear _____ |
| 2. they write _____ | 7. you do will _____ |
| 3. I destroy _____ | 8. I do see _____ |
| 4. you all tell _____ | 9. it does loosen _____ |
| 5. they desire _____ | 10. she does say _____ |

II. TRANSLATION: Remember, some verbs may take a complementary infinitive.

1. Λέγω καὶ ἀκούετε. _____

2. Θέλομεν βλέπειν. _____

3. Θέλουσι βλέπειν καὶ ἀκούειν. _____

4. Γράφω καὶ γράφεις. _____

5. Λύει καὶ βλέπουσι. _____

6. You are writing and she is seeing. _____

7. They are writing and they are speaking. _____

8. You all wish to destroy. _____

9. I wish to see and to speak. _____

10. They are destroying and we are seeing. _____
