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CHAPTER 1 QUIZ

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Define the following terms.

1. Feudalism: _____

2. The Great Schism: _____

3. Papal authority: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer the following in short answer form.

1. Contrast the views of Greek culture and Christianity.

2. What were the views of Pope Gregory VII, and how did Innocent III put them into action?

CHAPTER 1 & 2 TEST

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Below is a series of primary source documents. Read each carefully, and then answer the following questions, using the information presented and knowledge gained from notes.

The following questions deal with the passage below:

Article 22: The Righteousness of Faith

We believe that for us to acquire the true knowledge of this great mystery the Holy Spirit kindles in our hearts a true faith that embraces Jesus Christ, with all his merits, and makes him its own, and no longer looks for anything apart from him.

For it must necessarily follow that either all that is required for our salvation is not in Christ or, if all is in him, then he who has Christ by faith has his salvation entirely.

Therefore, to say that Christ is not enough but that something else is needed as well is a most enormous blasphemy against God—for it then would follow that Jesus Christ is only half a Savior. And therefore we justly say with Paul that we are justified "by faith alone" or by faith "apart from works." (Rom. 3:28)

However, we do not mean, properly speaking, that it is faith itself that justifies us—for faith is only the instrument by which we embrace Christ, our righteousness.

But Jesus Christ is our righteousness in making available to us all his merits and all the holy works he has done for us and in our place. And faith is the instrument that keeps us in communion with him and with all his benefits.

When those benefits are made ours they are more than enough to absolve us of our sins.

Article 23: The Justification of Sinners

We believe that our blessedness lies in the forgiveness of our sins because of Jesus Christ, and that in it our righteousness before God is contained, as David and Paul teach us when they declare that man blessed to whom God grants righteousness apart from works. (Ps. 32:1; Rom. 4:6)

And the same apostle says that we are justified "freely" or "by grace" through redemption in Jesus Christ (Rom. 3:24). And therefore we cling to this foundation, which is firm forever, giving all glory to God, humbling ourselves, and recognizing ourselves as we are; not claiming a thing for ourselves or our merits and leaning and resting on the sole obedience of Christ crucified, which is ours when we believe in him.

That is enough to cover all our sins and to make us confident, freeing the conscience from the fear, dread, and terror of God's approach, without doing what our first father, Adam, did, who trembled as he tried to cover himself with fig leaves.

In fact, if we had to appear before God relying—no matter how little—on ourselves or some other creature, then, alas, we would be swallowed up.

Therefore everyone must say with David: "Lord, do not enter into judgment with your servants, for before you no living person shall be justified." (Ps. 143:2)

– The Belgic Confession, 1561

1. The excerpt most clearly shows the influence of
 - a. humanism
 - b. Catholic/Counter Reformation
 - c. Christian Humanism
 - d. Protestant Reformation
2. Which of the following figures would most likely approve of the excerpt above?
 - a. Ignatius of Loyola
 - b. Teresa of Avila
 - c. Erasmus of Rotterdam
 - d. Martin Luther

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer the following questions below in short answer form (5-10 sentences).

1. Contrast the views of Greek culture and Christianity, then compare the views of Greek culture and the Renaissance virtues, as extolled by men like Petrarch.

2. Explain serfdom and what led to its decline/change.

3. Explain how monarchies grew in authority and the resistance they encountered.

8. What beliefs did all Protestants hold in common?

9. What beliefs were promulgated by the Council of Trent?

INSTRUCTIONS: Reproduce your key dates here, as highlighted by your teacher.

INSTRUCTIONS: Reproduce your summative timeline here. (As always, only write down the dates you have covered so far.)



INSTRUCTIONS: Choose one of the following essay prompts and then produce a satisfactory response.

1. Evaluate the merit of the Renaissance virtues from the Christian perspective.
2. What factors ushered in the Protestant Reformation?

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