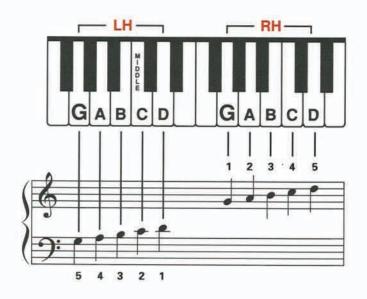
G Position with LH an Octave Higher

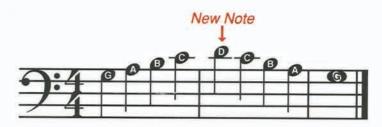


In this NEW G POSITION, the LEFT HAND plays ONE OCTAVE HIGHER than before.

The RIGHT HAND remains in the same position.

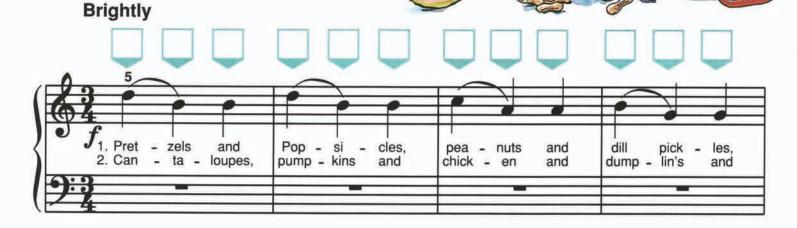
Place LH 5 on the G BELOW MIDDLE C.

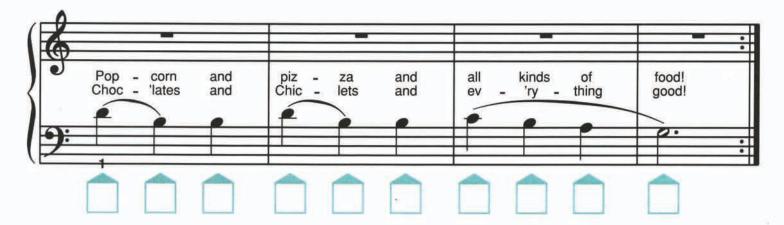
There is only ONE new LH note, the D ABOVE MIDDLE C.





- 1. Write the names of the notes in the boxes.
- 2. Play, saying the note names aloud.



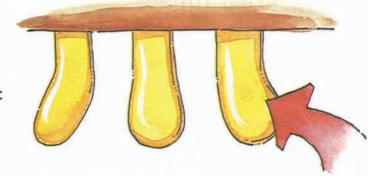


The Damper Pedal

Use the RIGHT FOOT on the RIGHT PEDAL, called the **DAMPER PEDAL**.

This sign shows when the damper pedal is to be used:

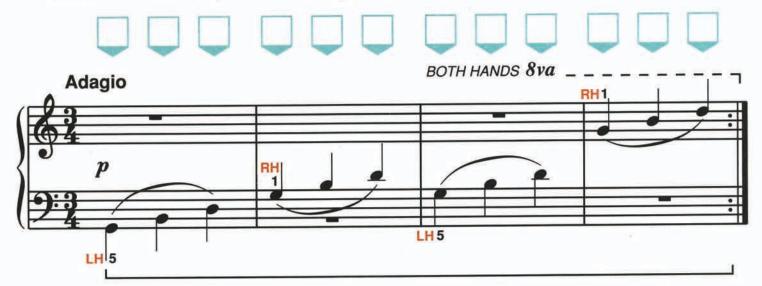
Pedal down hold pedal Pedal up



The music on this page helps you to develop freedom of movement at the keyboard.

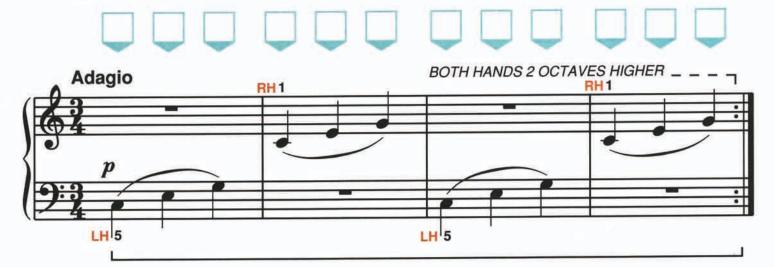
G-B-D's

- 1. Write the names of the notes in the boxes.
- Play. Stems DOWN = LH. Stems UP = RH. In the second measure, the RH plays in the BASS CLEF. Hold the pedal down through the entire line.

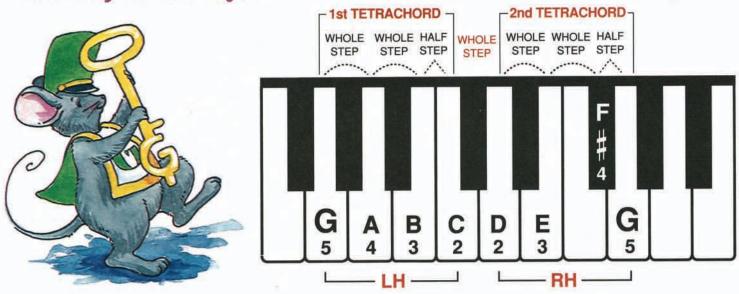


C-E-G's

- 3. Write the names of the notes in the boxes.
- 4. Play. Hold the pedal, as indicated.



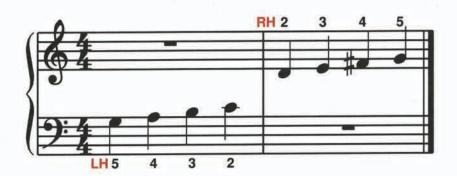
The Key of G Major



The G MAJOR SCALE has ONE SHARP, F#.

A piece based on the G MAJOR SCALE is in the KEY OF G MAJOR.

Play the G MAJOR SCALE divided between the hands, as follows.
 The LH plays the LOWER TETRACHORD. The RH plays the HIGHER TETRACHORD.



Instead of placing a # before every F in the piece,
the # is indicated at the beginning, in the KEY SIGNATURE.

Sharps or flats given in the key signature are effective throughout the piece.

- 2. In each staff below, draw a circle around the note that is made # by the KEY SIGNATURE.
- Play both of the following G MAJOR SCALES.

