

# Scope & Sequence

A Reason For® Science

Published by The Concerned Group

#### A NEW PARADIGM

for children — young minds created and to discover!

children really learn, A Reason For® that is presented this way because **Science** uses a different paradigm they never become engaged with the from traditional textbooks. Why? In an material. effort to address standards and accountability, many of today's science ence is based on the premise that direct conflict with the central goal of

**A Reason For® Science** is designed textbooks get learning backwards. They focus primarily on building a by an infinite God with an unlimited knowledge base, assuming students capacity to think, to learn, to explore, will later attach meaning to memorized facts. The problem is that very few el-Because of its emphasis on how ementary students master information

By contrast, A Reason For® Sci-

learning science is an ACTIVE process. It is "something children do, not something done to them."1

According to the National Science Education Standards, "... active science learning means shifting emphasis away from teachers presenting information and covering science topics. The perceived need to include all the topics and information . . . is in

having students learn scientific knowledge with understanding." 2

Or to paraphrase William Butler Yeats. "Great science teaching is not filling up a pail. It's lighting a fire!"

#### **INQUIRY-BASED LEARNING**

A Reason For® Science is designed such as group discussion, problem to teach basic Life, Earth, and Physical solving, and journaling. It also requires Science concepts through fun, handson activities. Its focus is to make learning both fun and meaningful.

selves are never enough. In order to quiry-based model. truly master a concept, students must have "minds-on" experiences as well! ence Education Standards, "Inquiry ing skills."3 This means actively engaging the material through a variety of methods engaging in inquiry, students describe understanding in different ways and

thought-provoking questions that help develop higher-level cognitive skills. The weekly format of A Reason For® But hands-on activities by them- **Science** is designed to reflect this in-

> According to the National Sciis central to science learning. When

objects and events, ask questions, to different degrees, the flexible forknowledge with reasoning and think-solutions.

Since different students achieve

construct explanations, test those ex- mat of A Reason For® Science also planations against current scientific encourages multiple learning styles knowledge, and communicate their and allows for individual differences. ideas to others... In this way, students Each activity challenges students to actively develop their understanding develop their own unique skills, and of science by combining scientific encourages them to think of creative

### **NATIONAL STANDARDS**

The "National Standards" referred to in the "K-4 Science Content Standards" (p.121 - 142) and "5-8 Science Content Standards" (p. 143 - 172).

Teacher Guidebooks include a list National Science Education Stan- each individual lesson. References are dards<sup>1</sup>. More specifically, they reflect based on the NSES alphabetic format, plus a numeric code to indicate the the **Standards**.) bulleted sub-topic.

For example, C1 in a fourth grade upper grade standards are found in function of living systems").

lesson, would indicate Content Stan- different sections. A C1 reference for a this Scope & Sequence are from the of the content standards that relate to dard C and sub-topic 1. (A detailed third grade lesson, for example, would description of the C1 content stan- be found on page 127 (characteristics dard is found on pages 127 - 229 of of organisms). By contrast, a C1 reference for a seventh grade lesson would As noted above, lower grade and be found on page 155 ("structure and

<sup>1</sup> National Science Education Standards, 1999. Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press. (p. 2); <sup>2</sup> Ibid. (p. 20); <sup>3</sup> Ibid. (p. 2)

## **Level E** (Grade 5)

Lesson	Category	Topic/Focus	Objective	National Standards
1	Life Science	Life Cycles	To explore the life cycle of yeast	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
2	Life Science	Growth	To explore one aspect of a life cycle	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
3	Life Science	Stimulus/Response	To explore how plants respond to their environment	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
4	Life Science	Transpiration	To explore how water moves through plants	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
5	Life Science	Plant Reproduction	To explore reproduction by dissecting a flower	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
6	Life Science	Diffusion	To explore how materials cross membranes	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
7	Life Science	Eye Structure	To explore how an image is created in your eye	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
8	Life Science	Vision	To explore how the brain and eyes work together	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
9	Life Science	Joint Structure	To explore how our joints function	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C3, D1, E3, F1, F4, G1
10	Physical Science (Forces)	Molecules	To explore the structure of molecules	A1, A2, B1, B2, E1, E2, G1, G2
11	Physical Science (Forces)	Surface Tension	To explore how water molecules behave	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, G1, G2
12	Physical Science (Forces)	Composition of Matter	To explore the space inside matter	A1, A2, B1, E1, E2, G1, G2
13	Physical Science (Forces)	Velocity	To explore how gravity can be defeated	A1, A2, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
14	Physical Science (Forces)	Inertia	To explore how inertia relates to moving objects	A1, A2, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
15	Physical Science (Forces)	Torque	To explore how "center of gravity" affects motion	A1, A2, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
16	Physical Science (Forces)	The Bernoulli Principle	To explore air pressure and lift	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, G1, G2
17	Physical Science (Forces)	Lamination	To explore how stuctural changes increase strength	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
18	Physical Science (Forces)	Simple Machines	To explore the operation of a pulley	A1, A2, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
19	Earth Science	Air Pressure	To explore what causes air pressure	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, D1, G1, G2
20	Earth Science	Water Cycle	To explore different states of water	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, D1, G1, G2
21	Earth Science	Glaciers	To explore one way glaciers affect Earth's surface	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, D1, D2, G1, G2
22	Earth Science	Weather Patterns	To explore why deserts mostly occur on one side of mountains	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, C1, C4, D1, G1, G2
23	Earth Science	Geology	To explore the properties of an Earth material	A1, A2, B1, B2, D1, D2, E1, G1, G2
24	Earth Science	Geology	To explore how Earth forces change materials	A1, A2, B1, B2, D1, D2, G1, G2
25	Earth Science	Geology	To explore another Earth material	A1, A2, B1, B2, D1, D2, G1, G2
26	Earth Science	Convection	To explore how convection currents create circulation	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, D1, G1, G2
27	Earth Science	Planetary Movement	To explore Earth's spin	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, D1, D2, G1, G2
28	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Waves	To explore the characteristics of waves	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
29	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Reflection	To explore one characteristic of light	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
30	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Sound	To explore how sound travels	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
31	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Magnetism	To explore how a compass works	A1, A2, B1, B2, D1, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2, G3
32	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Electricity	To explore the movement of electrons	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
33	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Crystals	To explore the formation of crystals	A1, A2, B1, B2, G1, G2
34	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Chemical Reactions	To explore a chemical reaction	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2
35	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Lenses	To explore how a lens affects light	A1, A2, B1, B2, B3, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2, G3
36	Physical Science (Energy/Matter)	Indicators	To explore how indicators show changes	A1, A2, B1, B2, E1, E2, F5, G1, G2, G3